

1 Fort Buenaventura

2450 A Avenue - Fort Buenaventura holds the distinction of being the first permanent Anglo settlement in what would become the state of Utah. It was established in 1846 by Miles Goodyear, a mountain man and fur trapper of mixed Dutch and Native American descent.

2 Daughters of the Utah Pioneers Museum

2104 Lincoln Ave - The Daughters of Utah Pioneers (DUP) Museum in Ogden, Utah, is a significant historical institution dedicated to preserving and sharing the legacy of early pioneers who settled in the region.

3 Ogden's Union Station

2501 Wall Avenue - Ogden's Union Station has stood as a symbol of the city's role in American railroad history since the completion of the First Transcontinental Railroad.

4 The Royal Hotel

2522 Wall Ave - The Royal Hotel was constructed in 1914 and is a significant historical landmark situated in Ogden's Lower 25th Street Historic District.

5 Porters and Waiters Jazz Club and Hotel

127 25th Street - The Porters and Waiters Club, established in the 1930s, was a significant cultural and social hub for African Americans during the era of segregation.

6 The Ogden/Weber Municipal Building

2541 Washington Boulevard - The Ogden/Weber Municipal Building is a prominent example of Art Deco architecture that was part of the city's development during the Great Depression.

7 The Reed/Bigelow/Ben Lomond Hotel

2510 Washington Blvd - The history of the Bigelow-Ben Lomond Hotel begins with the Reed Hotel, a five-story brick structure built in 1891 at the corner of 25th Street and Washington Boulevard in Ogden, Utah.

8 The Forest Service Building

507 25th Street - The Forest Service Building is a historic structure that has played a key role in the management and conservation of the region's vast forested lands.

9 Eccles Community Art Center/

David Eccles Residence

2580 Jefferson Avenue - The Eccles Community Art Center is housed in a distinguished Victorian mansion built in 1893 for businessman James C. Armstrong.

10 Saint Joseph's Cathedral

514 24th Street - Saint Joseph's Cathedral showcases Ogden's rich religious and architectural heritage. The church was dedicated in 1902, following the purchase of the property in 1889.

11 Hampton Inn/Eccles Bank Building

385 24th Street - Constructed in 1913 and commissioned by the influential Eccles family, particularly David Eccles—a prominent entrepreneur and Utah's first multimillionaire—the Eccles Building was designed by renowned architect Leslie S. Hodgson in the Chicago Commercial style.

12 Peery's Egyptian Theater

2415 Washington Blvd - Peery's Egyptian Theater is one of Ogden's most iconic historic landmarks, a golden age movie palace that harkens back to the nationwide fascination with ancient Egypt in the 1920s.

13 The Browning Sporting Goods Building

2447 Kiesel Avenue - The Browning Sporting Goods Building holds a significant place in the history of American firearms innovation.

14 The Berthana Building

315 24th Street - The Berthana (Above Union Grill) was constructed in 1914 and officially opened on May 27, 1915. The building was a collaborative endeavor funded by the Thomas D. Dee Company and the David Eccles Estate.

15 The Old Post Office Building

298 24th Street - The Old Post Office Building is a significant example of early 20th-century government architecture. Constructed between 1905 and 1909 at a cost of \$320,000, the building was designed in the Classical Revival style by Supervising Architect James Knox Taylor.

16 Sarah Elizabeth Nelson Anderson Marker

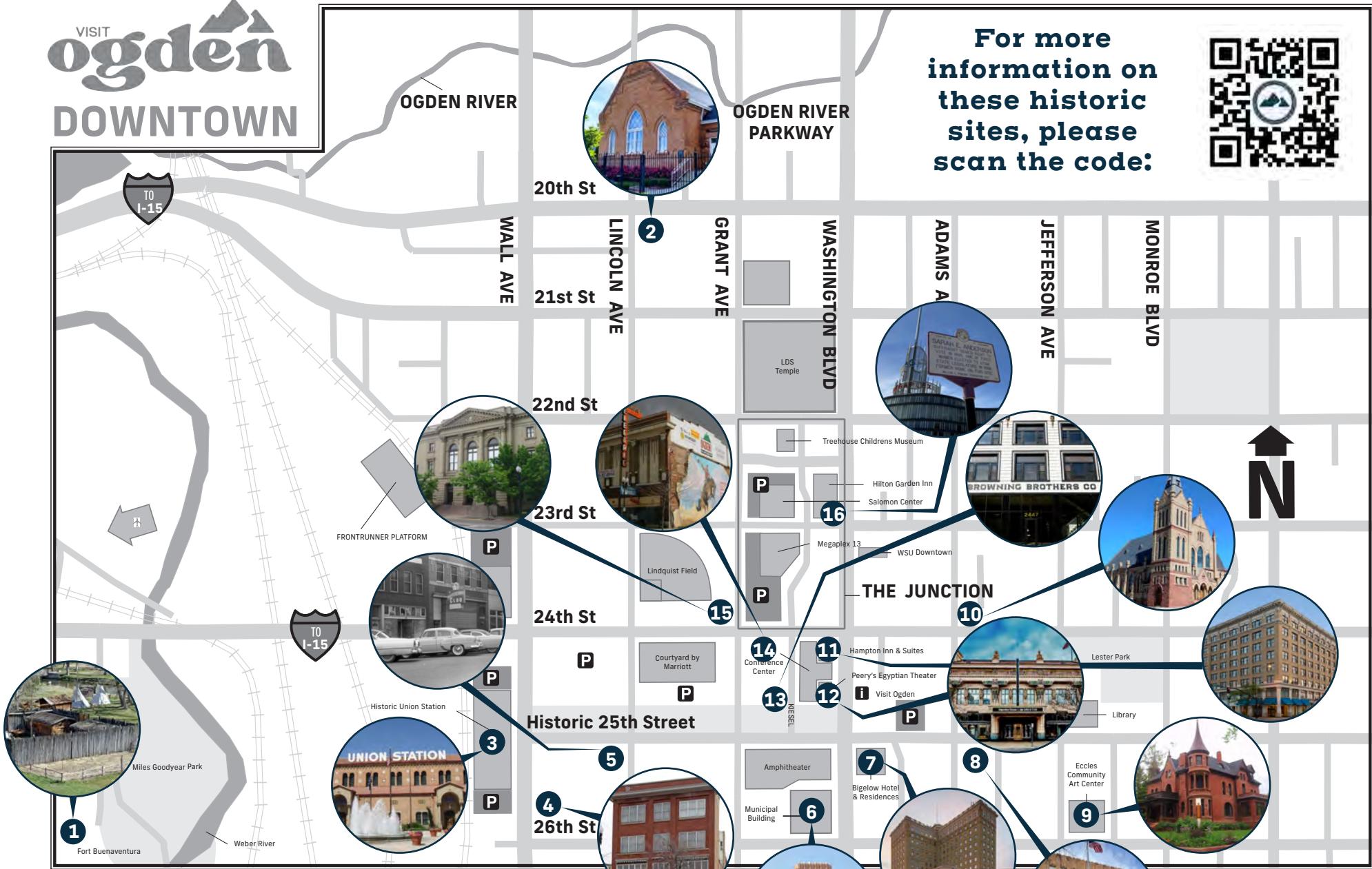
Northwest corner of 23rd Street and Kiesel Ave - Sarah E. Anderson (1853–1900) was a pioneering political figure from Ogden, Utah, and one of the first women elected to the Utah State Legislature.



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